

General Assembly

Committee Bill No. 703

January Session, 2007

LCO No. **5204***05204\$B00703P\$_*

Referred to Committee on Public Safety and Security

Introduced by: (PS)

AN ACT MANDATING FIRE SAFE CIGARETTES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2008) As used in section 12-302
- of the general statutes, as amended by this act, sections 1 to 4,
- 3 inclusive, and sections 6 to 9, inclusive, of this act, unless the context
- 4 clearly indicates otherwise:
- 5 (1) "Cigarette" means any product that contains nicotine, is intended
- 6 to be burned or heated under ordinary conditions of use, and consists
- 7 of or contains (A) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any
- 8 substance not containing tobacco; or (B) tobacco, in any form, that is
- 9 functional in the product, which, because of its appearance, the type of
- 10 tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to be
- 11 offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette; and (C) any roll
- 12 of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which,
- 13 because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its
- 14 packaging and labeling, is likely to be offered to, or purchased by,
- 15 consumers as a cigarette described in subparagraph (A) of this
- 16 subdivision. The term "cigarette" includes roll-your-own tobacco,
- 17 meaning any tobacco which, because of its appearance, type,

- packaging or labeling is suitable for use and likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as tobacco for making cigarettes. For purposes of this definition of "cigarette", 0.09 ounces of roll-your-own tobacco shall constitute one individual "cigarette";
 - (2) "Manufacturer" means (A) any entity that manufactures or otherwise produces cigarettes or causes cigarettes to be manufactured or produced anywhere that such manufacturer intends to be sold in the state, including cigarettes intended to be sold in the United States through an importer; (B) the first purchaser anywhere that intends to resell in the United States cigarettes manufactured anywhere that the original manufacturer or maker does not intend to be sold in the United States; or (C) any entity that becomes a successor of an entity described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision;
 - (3) "Quality control and quality assurance program" means the laboratory procedures implemented to ensure that operator bias, systematic and nonsystematic methodological errors and equipment-related problems do not affect the results of the testing;
- 35 (4) "Repeatability" means the range of values within which the 36 repeat results of cigarette test trials from a single laboratory will fall 37 ninety-five per cent of the time;
 - (5) "Retail dealer" means any person, other than a manufacturer or wholesale dealer, engaged in selling cigarettes or tobacco products;
 - (6) "Sale" means any transfer of title or possession, or both, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner and by any means, and includes, but is not limited to, the giving of cigarettes as samples, prizes or gifts, and the exchanging of cigarettes for any consideration;
 - (7) "Sell" means to sell, or to offer or agree to do the same; and
 - (8) "Wholesale dealer" means any person other than a manufacturer who sells cigarettes or tobacco products to retail dealers or other persons for purposes of resale, and any person who owns, operates or

- maintains one or more cigarette or tobacco product vending machines in, at or upon premises owned or occupied by any other person.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2008*) (a) Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, no cigarettes may be sold or offered for sale in the state or offered for sale or sold to persons located in the state unless the cigarettes have been tested in accordance with the test method and meet the performance standard specified in this section, a written certification has been filed by the manufacturer with the Office of the State Marshal in accordance with section 3 of this act, and the cigarettes have been marked in accordance with section 4 of this act. All testing by the manufacturer or testing performed or sponsored by the Office of the State Fire Marshal to determine a cigarette's compliance with the performance standard required shall be conducted in accordance with the following requirements:
- 62 (1) Testing of cigarettes shall be conducted in accordance with the 63 American Society of Testing and Materials or "ASTM" standard E2187-64 04, "Standard Test Method for Measuring the Ignition Strength of 65 Cigarettes" or a subsequent ASTM Standard Test Method for 66 measuring the ignition strength of cigarettes upon a finding by the 67 State Fire Marshal that such subsequent method does not result in a 68 change in the percentage of full-length burns exhibited by any tested 69 cigarette;
 - (2) Testing shall be conducted on ten layers of filter paper;
- 71 (3) Not more than twenty-five per cent of the cigarettes tested in a 72 test trial in accordance with this section shall exhibit full-length burns.
- Forty replicate tests shall comprise a complete test trial for each cigarette tested;
- 75 (4) The performance standard required by this section shall only be 76 applied to a complete test trial;
- 77 (5) Written certifications shall be based upon testing conducted by a

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- 78 laboratory that has been accredited pursuant to standard ISO or IEC
- 79 17025 of the International Organization for Standardization or other
- 80 comparable accreditation standard required by the Office of the State
- 81 Fire Marshal;

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- 82 (6) Laboratories conducting testing in accordance with this section 83 shall implement a quality control and quality assurance program that 84 includes a procedure that will determine the repeatability of the testing 85 results. The repeatability value shall be no greater than 0.19; and
 - (7) No additional testing is required if cigarettes are tested consistent with this section for any other purpose.
 - (b) Each cigarette that uses lowered permeability bands in the cigarette paper to achieve compliance with the performance standard set forth in this section shall have not less than two nominally identical bands on the paper surrounding the tobacco column. At least one complete band shall be located not less than fifteen millimeters from the lighting end of the cigarette. For cigarettes on which the bands are positioned by design, there shall be not less than two bands fully located at least fifteen millimeters from the lighting end and ten millimeters from the filter end of the tobacco column, or ten millimeters from the labeled end of the tobacco column for nonfiltered cigarettes.
- 99 (c) A manufacturer of a cigarette that the State Fire Marshal 100 determines cannot be tested in accordance with the test method 101 prescribed in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section may 102 propose an alternate test method and performance standard for the 103 cigarette to the State Fire Marshal. Upon approval and a determination 104 by the State Fire Marshal that the performance standard proposed by 105 the manufacturer is equivalent to the performance standard prescribed 106 in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section, the manufacturer 107 may employ such test method and performance standard to certify 108 such cigarette pursuant to section 3 of this act.

- (d) Each manufacturer shall maintain copies of the reports of all tests conducted on all cigarettes offered for sale for a period of three years, and shall provide copies of these reports to the State Fire Marshal and the Attorney General upon written request. Any manufacturer who fails to provide such copies not later than sixty days after receiving a written request shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each day after the sixtieth day that the manufacturer does not make such copies available.
- (e) The State Fire Marshal shall review the effectiveness of the testing methods employed and shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public safety, in accordance with section 11-4a of the general statutes, containing the State Fire Marshal's findings and, if appropriate, recommendations for legislation to improve the effectiveness of the testing methods employed. Such report shall be submitted not later than June 30, 2011, and every three years thereafter.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit: (1) Wholesale or retail dealers from selling their existing inventory of cigarettes on or after January 1, 2008, if the wholesale or retail dealer can establish that state tax stamps were affixed to the cigarettes prior to the effective date of this section and the wholesale or retail dealer can establish that the inventory was purchased prior to January 1, 2008, in comparable quantity to the inventory purchased during the same period of the prior year; or (2) the sale of cigarettes solely for the purpose of consumer testing. For purposes of this subsection, the term "consumer testing" shall mean an assessment of cigarettes that is conducted by or under the control of a manufacturer for the purpose of evaluating consumer acceptance of such cigarettes, utilizing only the quantity of cigarettes that is reasonably necessary for such assessment, and in a controlled setting where the cigarettes are either consumed on-site or returned to the testing administrators at the conclusion of the testing.

- Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2008*) (a) Each manufacturer shall submit to the Office of the State Fire Marshal a written certification on a form prescribed by the State Fire Marshal every three years attesting that: (1) Each cigarette listed in the certification has been tested in accordance with section 2 of this act; and (2) each cigarette listed in the certification meets the performance standard set forth in section 2 of this act.
 - (b) The certification shall list the following information for each cigarette listed: (1) Brand, or trade name on the package; (2) style, such as light or ultra light; (3) length in millimeters; (4) circumference in millimeters; (5) flavor, such as menthol or chocolate, if applicable; (6) filter or nonfilter; (7) package description, such as soft pack or box; (8) marking pursuant to section 4 of this act; (9) the name, address and telephone number of the laboratory, if different than the manufacturer that conducted the test; and (10) the date that the testing occurred.
- (c) Each certification may be provided to the Attorney General for the purposes of ensuring compliance with this section.
- (d) For each cigarette listed in a certification, a manufacturer shall pay to the State Fire Marshal a fee of two hundred fifty dollars. The State Fire Marshal may annually adjust this fee, in regulations adopted in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to ensure that such fee defrays the actual costs of the processing, testing, enforcement and oversight activities of the State Fire Marshal.
- (e) If a manufacturer has certified a cigarette pursuant to this section, and thereafter makes any change to such cigarette that is likely to alter its compliance with the reduced cigarette ignition propensity standards required by section 2 of this act, that cigarette shall not be sold or offered for sale in the state until the manufacturer retests the cigarette, in accordance with the testing and recording requirements set forth in section 2 of this act, and finds that the cigarette meets such standards.

Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2008) (a) Prior to the certification of a cigarette, a manufacturer shall present its proposed marking to the State Fire Marshal for approval. Proposed markings shall be deemed approved if the State Fire Marshal fails to act not later than ten business days after receiving a request for approval. The marking shall be in eight-point type or larger and consist of: (1) Modification of the product UPC Code to include a visible mark printed at or around the area of the UPC Code. The mark may consist of alphanumeric or symbolic characters permanently stamped, engraved, embossed or printed in conjunction with the UPC; (2) any visible combination of alphanumeric or symbolic characters permanently stamped, engraved or embossed upon the cigarette package or cellophane wrap; (3) printed, stamped, engraved or embossed text that indicates that the cigarettes meet the standards of sections 1 to 3, inclusive, of this act; or (4) the letters "FSC", which signifies Fire Standards Compliant appearing in eight-point type or larger and be permanently printed, stamped, engraved or embossed on the package at or near the UPC code.

- (b) A manufacturer shall use only one marking, and shall apply this marking uniformly for all packages, including, but not limited to, packs, cartons, and cases, and brands marketed by that manufacturer. No manufacturer shall modify its approved marking unless the modification has been approved by the State Fire Marshal in accordance with this section.
- (c) Manufacturers shall provide a copy of the certifications to all wholesale dealers and agents to which they sell cigarettes, and shall also provide sufficient copies of an illustration of the package marking utilized by the manufacturer pursuant to this section for each retail dealer to which the wholesale dealers or agents sell cigarettes. Wholesale dealers and agents shall provide a copy of these package markings received from manufacturers to all retail dealers to which they sell cigarettes. Wholesale dealers, agents and retail dealers shall permit the State Fire Marshal, the Commissioner of Revenue Services,

the Attorney General and their employees to inspect markings of cigarette packaging marked in accordance with this section.

- (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any person or entity from manufacturing or selling cigarettes that do not meet the requirements of this section if the cigarettes are or shall be stamped for sale in another state or are packaged for sale outside the United States and that person or entity has taken reasonable steps to ensure that such cigarettes will not be sold or offered for sale to persons located in this state.
- Sec. 5. Section 12-302 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2008*):
 - (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, each distributor shall affix, or cause to be affixed, at the location for which such distributor's license is issued, in such manner as the commissioner may specify in regulations issued pursuant to this chapter, to each individual package of cigarettes sold or distributed by the distributor, stamps of the proper denomination, as required by section 12-296. Such stamps may be affixed by a distributor at any time before the cigarettes are transferred out of the distributor's possession.
 - (b) No distributor shall affix, or cause to be affixed, to a package of cigarettes sold or distributed by such distributor, stamps, if the package (1) is not labeled in conformity with the requirements of the federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, 79 Stat. 282, 15 USC 1331 et seq., or any other federal requirement for the placement of labels, warnings and other information, applicable to packages of cigarettes that are intended to be sold within the United States; (2) bears any label or notice prescribed by the United States Department of Treasury to identify cigarettes intended for export and exempt from tax by the United States pursuant to 26 USC 5704(b), including "For export only", "U.S. Tax-exempt", "For use outside U.S." or similar wording indicating that the manufacturer did not intend that the product be sold within the United States, including any notice or label

described in 27 CFR 290.185; (3) has been imported into the United States after January 1, 2000, in violation of 26 USC 5754 or regulations adopted thereunder; (4) in any way violates federal trademark or copyright law or if all federal taxes due have not been paid on the cigarettes; (5) has been modified or altered by a person other than the manufacturer or person specifically authorized by the manufacturer, including modification or alteration by the placement of a sticker or label to cover information, including the wording, labels or warnings described in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection, on the package; [or] (6) has been manufactured or sold by a tobacco product manufacturer that is in violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 4-28i or section 4-28j and the distributor has been notified by the commissioner of such violation; or (7) that has not been marked in accordance with section 4 of this act. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 12-15, the commissioner may disclose to the public the name of any person who has violated the provisions of section 4-28i or 4-28i.

Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2008) (a) A manufacturer, wholesale dealer, agent or any other person or entity who knowingly sells or offers to sell cigarettes, other than through retail sale, in violation of section 2 of this act, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars for each pack of such cigarettes sold or offered for sale provided that in no case shall the penalty against any such person or entity exceed one hundred thousand dollars during any thirty-day period.

- (b) A retail dealer who knowingly sells or offers to sell cigarettes in violation of section 2 of this act shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars for each pack of such cigarettes sold or offered for sale, provided that in no case shall the penalty against any retail dealer exceed twenty-five thousand dollars for sales or offers to sell during any thirty-day period.
- (c) In addition to any penalty prescribed by law, any corporation, partnership, sole proprietor, limited partnership or association

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- engaged in the manufacture of cigarettes that knowingly makes a false certification pursuant to section 2 of this act shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than seventy-five thousand dollars and not to exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars for each such false certification.
- (d) Any person violating any provision of sections 3 and 4, inclusive, of this act shall be subject to a civil penalty for a first offense not to exceed one thousand dollars, and for a subsequent offense subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars for each such violation.
 - (e) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the Attorney General may file an action in the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford for a violation of any provision of sections 1 to 4, inclusive, of this act, or section 12-302 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, including petitioning for injunctive relief or to recover any costs or damages suffered by the state due to a violation, including enforcement costs relating to the specific violation and attorney's fees. Each violation constitutes a separate and distinct civil offense for which the Attorney General may obtain relief.
 - (f) Whenever any member of law enforcement personnel or duly authorized local or state fire marshal discovers any cigarettes that have not been tested in accordance with section 2 of this act or marked in the manner required by section 4 of this act, such member or fire marshal may seize and take possession of such cigarettes. Such cigarettes shall be turned over to the Commissioner of Revenue Services and shall be forfeited to the state. Cigarettes seized pursuant to this section shall be destroyed, provided, however, that prior to the destruction of any cigarette seized pursuant to these provisions, the true holder of the trademark rights in the cigarette brand shall be permitted to inspect the cigarette.
 - Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2008) The State Fire Marshal, in consultation with the Commissioner of Revenue Services, may adopt

regulations, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, as necessary to effectuate the purposes of section 12-302 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and sections 6 to 9, inclusive, of this act.

- Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2008*) (a) The Commissioner of Revenue Services in the regular course of conducting inspections of wholesale dealers, agents and retail dealers, as authorized under chapter 214a of the general statutes, may inspect such cigarettes to determine if the cigarettes are marked as required by section 4 of this act. If the cigarettes are not marked as required, the Commissioner of Revenue Services shall notify the State Fire Marshal.
 - (b) The Attorney General, the Commissioner of Revenue Services and the State Fire Marshal, their duly authorized representatives and other law enforcement personnel may examine the books, papers, invoices and other records of any person in possession, control or occupancy of any premises where cigarettes are placed, stored, sold or offered for sale, as well as the stock of cigarettes on the premises. Every person in the possession, control or occupancy of any premises where cigarettes are placed, sold or offered for sale, shall be required to give the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Revenue Services and the State Fire Marshal, their duly authorized representatives and other law enforcement personnel the means, facilities and opportunity for the examinations authorized by this section.
 - Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2007) There is established in the General Fund a separate, nonlapsing account to be known as the fire safety standard and firefighter protection act enforcement account. The account shall contain all certification fees submitted by manufacturers in accordance with section 2 of this act any penalties collected pursuant to section 6 of this act and any other moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. The proceeds of the account shall be used by the State Fire Marshal solely to fund the processing, testing, enforcement and oversight activities specified in section 12-302 of the

general statutes, as amended by this act, sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and sections 6 to 8, inclusive, of this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	January 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 2	January 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 3	January 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 4	January 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 5	January 1, 2008	12-302
Sec. 6	January 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 7	January 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 8	January 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 9	July 1, 2007	New section

Statement of Purpose:

To require cigarette manufacturers to make cigarettes that are selfextinguishing in order to reduce the number of fires caused by carelessly discarded cigarettes.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

Co-Sponsors: SEN. GAFFEY, 13th Dist.

S.B. 703